

Find $\frac{d}{dx}(\tan x)$ using the Quotient rule.

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$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dx} \tan x &= \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \right) \\&= \frac{\cos x \cos x - \sin x (-\sin x)}{\cos^2 x} \\&= \frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} \\&= \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \\&= \sec^2 x\end{aligned}$$

